### UCDAVIS Electric Vehicle Research Center

Institute of Transportation Studies

UC ITS Legislative Briefing on Vehicle Charging and the Grid

### Accessible, Dependable, and Affordable Charging Options For All: Policy and legislative perspective

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### HOW IS EV CHARGER RELIABILITY BEING MEASURED, REPORTED, REGULATED and AUDIT?



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# Technology is only one part of reliable and dependable charging infrastructure

### Who is responsible for clearing the way?



### What about locked parking locations at nights and weekends?



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## High Reliability (uptime) is expensive, not all locations will need the same level of reliability

## **97% uptime** = The two charging locations between Eureka and Redding is down for 10 days every year.

**90% uptime** = At Any Given Time 10 out of 100 chargers at this location are under maintenance



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- Past trends show a risk of charger abandonment post-contract.
- Essential to explore innovative contracting and ownership to ensure positive operating revenue.
- Consider a Build-Operate-Transfer model for government or successor entities.
- Shift focus to subsidizing operations over hardware installation.
- Study and adapt alternative models from global practices like those in Norway

### Exploring Business and Ownership Models for Positive Operational Revenue

#### ECOtality Bankruptcy: Blink EV Charging Network Changes Hands but Can't Shake Its Bad Reputation

\$100 million DOE money in, \$4.3 million out. Customers of bankrupt ECOtality have very low regard for EV chargers under new ownership.

EFF ST. JOHN | OCTOBER 11, 2013





### Should we consider price control?

#### Pro

- Electric driving must stay cheaper per mile than driving on gas.
- Lower-income households, renters, and multiunit dwellers have less control over electricity prices and rely more on public charging.
- Operating costs, including maintenance for high reliability, may increase prices in rural areas.
- Lower-income households have fewer opportunities to respond to <u>dynamic pricing</u>.
- Locations with low demand, such as rural areas or disadvantaged communities, will receive a lower level of service in terms of:
  - Number of chargers
  - Time to repair
  - Charging power

#### Cons

- Lower revenue will reduce investment in new infrastructure.
- Lower revenue will decrease investment in regions with lower reliability.
- It will become more challenging to offer a faster, premium charging experience.



UCDAVIS Electric Vehicle Research Center Institute of Transportation Studies Potential tools for Accessible, Dependable, and Affordable Charging Options For All

- Charging Infrastructure Ownership Models:
  - Build-Operate-Transfer
  - Utility and Private Partnership
  - State Pays for Service, Not for Hardware

### Charging Network Neutrality Regulation

 Uniform Minimum Service Requirements for All, Including Used EVs and Rural Locations including

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- Queuing
- Charging speed
- Reservation system
- Cost per charging
- Other costs

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Thank You Gil Tal gtal@ucdavis.edu